

A Production System of Formal Grammar for Industrial Automation Course

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Extended Abstract⁺. This research describes industrial automation courses[3] as a class of formal grammar. This definition is based on formal grammar as a production system, a particular notation of non-decidable grammar. This models industrial automation course as an offer of non-decidables whether service, project or training.

Keywords. service, project, training, non-decidables, industrial, automation.

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1 INTRODUCTION

This research is to note by a formal language or grammar, offers made a course centre based on industrial automation[3] setting. A production system[2] is used to generate a formal language in describing a non-decidable document by the centre.

A formal grammar[1, 2] as a production system consist of:

- 1. A finite Alphabet, \sum . The concept of alphabet used here is very general one.
- 2. A finite set of non-terminal symbols N.
- 3. A start symbol *S* taken out of the set of non-terminal symbol.
- 4. A finite set of generative rules R.

BNF as a context-free grammar [1, 2] is used to describe a class of decidables but the alternative the rules of a formal grammar is used here. The grammar defined from a production system is used to produce language sentences or document instances. A start symbol will start a production system. By applying the rules first to S, and then recursively to the outcome of the previous transformation, it is possible to generate a positive sentence of the formal language defined by the grammar[1]. Production will stop if there is no more non-terminal symbols. This example of automation grammar is a formal grammar and its formal language[1] generatives. Industrial-Automation grammar is a particular formal language and undecidable.

2 FORMAL INDUSTRIAL-AUTOMATION GRAMMAR

A total of 5 formal grammars of industrial-automation grammar[2] is needed but only 3 produced in this section. These course grammars includes Scada, Hmi, Vfd, Cai and Gwc.

2.1 Formal Scada Grammar

A formal Scada consists of:

- nal Scada consists of: $\sum_{i \in \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,-,a,...,z,A...,Z,..,\$\}}$ *N is* {*SCADA*, *COURSE*, *WMI*, *IFX*, *WCC*, *VCT*, *RSV*,}.
- S is SCADA
- R are
 - 1. SCADA ---> COURSE
 - 2. COURSE --> WMI
 - 3. COURSE ---> WMI.IFX
 - 4. COURSE ---> WMI.IFX.WCC

- 5. COURSE ---> WMI.IFX.WCC.VCT
- 6. COURSE ---> WMI.IFX.WCC.VCT.RSV
- 7. WMI ---> WONDERWARE-INTOUCH
- 8. IFX --->IFIX
- 9. WCC --->WINCC
- 10. VCT --->VIJEO-CITECT
- 11. RSV --->RSVIEW.

A Scada course is now in production system.

A student enrolls for a scada course. The following selection is made to generate course:

SCADA	START SYMBOL
\$COURSE	after rule (1)
\$WMI	after rule (2)
<u>\$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH</u>	 after rule (7)_

A second student came after the first finished enrollment. The following selection is made to generate course:

SCADA	Start	Symbol
\$COURSE	after	rule (1)
\$WMI.IFX.WCC	after	rule (4)
\$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFX.W	CC	after rule (7)
\$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.	WCC	after rule (8)
\$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.	WINCC	<u>after rule (9).</u>

The third did a selection of 4 from 5 courses and this generated the production system:

SCADA START SYMBOL \$COURSE after rule (1) \$WMI.IFX.WCC.VCT after rule (5) \$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFX.WCC after rule (7) \$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.WINCC after rule (8) \$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFX.WINCC after rule (9) \$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.WINCC.VIJEO-VITECT.after rule 10 The fourth student preparing to enroll in 2 courses has a production system for the selection:

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SCADA START SYMBOL

$COURSE after rule (1)

$WMI.IFX after rule (3)

$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFX after rule (7)

<u>$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX. after rule (8)</u>
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The fifth student did a selection of 5 courses and this generated the production system:

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SCADA START SYMBOL
$COURSE after rule (1)
$WMI.IFX.WCC.VCT.RSV after rule (5)
$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFX.WCC.RSV after rule (7)
$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.WCC.RSV after rule (8)
$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.WINCC.RSV after rule (9)
$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.WINCC.VIJEO-VITECT.RSV after
rule (10)
$WONDERWARE-INTOUCH.IFIX.WINCC.VIJEO-VITECT.RSVIEW. after
rule (11)
```

2.2 Formal HMI Grammar

A formal Hmi consists of:

- $\sum is\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,-,a,\ldots z,A\ldots Z,\ldots,\$\}$
- N is $\{HMI, COURSE, PAW, TOH, DET, FAT\}$.
- S is HMI
- R are
 - 1. HMI ---> COURSE.DAYS
 - 2. COURSE --> PAW
 - 3. COURSE ---> PAW.TOH
 - 4. COURSE ---> PAW.TOH.DET
 - 5. COURSE ---> PAW.TOH.DET.FAT
 - 6. DAYS --->5
 - 7. DAYS ---> 10

- 8. DAYS ---> 15
- 9. DAYS --->20
- 10. PAW ---> PANEL-VIEW
- 11. TOH --->TOUCH
- 12. DET --->DELTA
- 13. FAT ---> FACTORY-TALK.

A student choose a course and this generates the production system:

HMI	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAYS	after rule (1)
\$COURSE.5	after rule (6)
\$PAW.5	after rule (2)
\$PANEL-VIEW.5.	after rule (10)

A student from Kumasi chooses 3 courses from HMI production system and that gives:

НМІ	Start	Symbol
\$COURSE.DAYS	after	rule (1)
\$PAW.TOH.DET.DAYS	after	rule (6)
\$PANEL-VIEW.TOH.DET.DAYS	after	rule (10)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DET.DAYS</pre>	after	rule (11)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DELTA.DAYS</pre>	after	rule (12)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DELATA.10.</pre>	after	<u>rule (7)</u>

A third student select four courses and HMI production system gives:

HMI	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAYS	after rule (1)
\$PAW.TOH.DET.FAT.DAYS	after rule (6)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOH.DET.FAT.DAYS</pre>	after rule (10)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DET.FAT.DAYS</pre>	after rule (11)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DELTA.FAT.DAYS</pre>	after rule (12)
\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DELTA.FACTORY-TALK.	DAYS after rule (13)
\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DELATA.FACTORY-TALK	K.15. after
<u>rule (8)</u>	
The next student after the thin	rd student who
selected 4 made a selection of	0
bereeted i maae a bereeten er	2 courses and

НМІ	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAYS	after rule (1)
\$PAW.TOH.DAYS	after rule (6)
\$PANEL-VIEW.TOH.DAYS	after rule (10)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.DAYS</pre>	after rule (11)
<pre>\$PANEL-VIEW.TOUCH.10.</pre>	after rule (7)

2.3 Formal VFD Grammar

A formal Vfd consists of:

- $\sum is\{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,-,a,...z,A...Z,...,\$\}$
- N is {VFD, COURSE, POF, YAA, DEL, ABB, EME, SCH}.
- S is VFD
- R are
 - 1. VFD ---> COURSE.DAY
 - 2. COURSE --> POF
 - 3. COURSE ---> POF.YAA
 - 4. COURSE ---> POF.YAA.DEL
 - 5. COURSE ---> POF.YAA.DEL.ABB
 - 6. COURSE ---> POF.YAA.DEL.ABB.EME
 - 7. COURSE ---> POF.YAA.DEL.ABB.EME.SCH
 - 8. POF ---> POWERFLEX
 - 9. YAA ---> YASKAWA
 - 10. DEL ---> DELTA
 - 11. EME ---> EMERSION
 - 12. SCH ---> SCHNEIDER
 - 13. DAY ---> 5

A VFD student enrolls for 3 subjects in this course and that gives a production system:

VFD	Start	Symbol
\$COURSE.DAY	after	rule (1)
\$POF.YAA.DEL.DAY	after	rule (4)
\$POWERFLEX.YAA.DEL.DAY	after	rule (8)

<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DEL.DAY</pre>	after rule (9)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.DAY</pre>	after rule (10)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.5.</pre>	<u>after rule (13)</u>

A VFD student enrolls for 2 subjects in this course and that gives a production system:

VFD	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAY	after rule (1)
\$POF.YAA.DAY	after rule (4)
\$POWERFLEX.YAA.DAY	after rule (8)
\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DAY	after rule (9)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.5</pre>	after rule (13)

A VFD student enrolls for 4 subjects in this course and that gives a production system:

VFD	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAY	after rule (1)
\$POF.YAA.DEL.ABB.DAY	after rule (4)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YAA.DEL.ABB.DAY</pre>	after rule (8)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DEL.ABB.DAY</pre>	after rule (9)
\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.DAY	after rule (10)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.5.</pre>	after rule (13)

A VFD student enrolls for 5 subjects in this course and that gives a production system:

VFD	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAY	after rule (1)
<pre>\$POF.YAA.DEL.ABB.EME.DAY</pre>	after rule (4)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YAA.DEL.ABB.EME.DAY</pre>	after rule (8)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DEL.ABB.EME.DAY</pre>	after rule (9)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EME.DAY</pre>	after rule (10)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EME.5</pre>	after rule (13)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EMERSION.5.</pre>	after rule (11)

A VFD student enrolls for 6 subjects in this course and that gives a production system:

VFD	Start Symbol
\$COURSE.DAY	after rule (1)
<pre>\$POF.YAA.DEL.ABB.EME.SCH.DAY</pre>	after rule (4)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YAA.DEL.ABB.EME.SCH.DAY</pre>	after rule (8)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DEL.ABB.EME.SCH.DAY</pre>	after rule (9)
\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EME.SCH.DAY	after rule (10)
\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EME.SCH.DAY	after rule (13)
<pre>\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EMERSION.SCH.5</pre>	.after rule (11)
\$POWERFLEX.YASKAWA.DELTA.ABB.EMERSION.SCHNE	IDER.5. after
rule (12)	

3 CONCLUSION

This research work concludes on formal grammar and its production system. In here, 3 different industrial-automation grammar are produced and a language is made from the production sytem for each. Industrial-automation grammar considered Human Machine Interface, Variable Frequency Drive and Supervisory Control And Data Acquisition courses and their grammar.

Compliance with Ethical Standards

(In case of funding) Funding: N/A

Conflict of Interest:

Author, Dr. Frank Appiah declares that he has no conflict of interest .

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